

SAFETY DATA SHEET

B-Cool 755

1. Product and company identification

Product name : B-Cool 755
Product code : 11755-01
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 6/20/2025
Version : 1.07

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Industrial use only. Metal working fluids
Uses advised against
Consumer use.

Manufacturer : BLASER SWISSLUBE AG
Winterseistrasse 22
CH-3415 Hasle-Rüegsau
Switzerland
Tel: +41 (0)34 460 01 01
E-Mail: contact@blaser.com

Supplier's details : Blaser Swisslube Japan Co.Ltd
BPR Place Hisaya Odori 10F,
3-20-3 Marunouchi Naka-ku 460-0002 Nagoya Aichi
Tel: +81 52-750-7560
E-Mail: info-japan@blaser.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : reach@blaser.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 0120 015 230 (24時間/7日)

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification :  SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Identifiers	CSCL	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, baseoil - unspecified	CAS: 64742-52-5	(9)-1703 / (9)-1692	≥50 - ≤75
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	CAS: -	7-97	≤10
1-aminopropan-2-ol	CAS: 78-96-6	2-323	≤7.0
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	CAS: 102-71-6	2-308; 2-353	≤5.0
Phosphoric acid, mono- and bis(C16-20-branched and linear alkyl) esters	CAS: 97468-33-2	2-1986	≤5.0
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	CAS: -	7-672	≤3.0
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	CAS: 61791-44-4	(7)-60	≤3.0
benzotriazole	CAS: 95-14-7	5-537	≤2.5
dicyclohexylamine	CAS: 101-83-7	3-2259; 3-2686	≤2.5
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	CAS: 52933-07-0	2-1986	≤3.0
potassium hydroxide	CAS: 1310-58-3	1-369	<1.0
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	CAS: 110-25-8	2-1222; 2-1226; 2-2679	<1.0
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	CAS: 3811-73-2	9-1473	≤0.30

3. Composition/information on ingredients

oethilnone (ISO)	CAS: 26530-20-1	5-5246	≤0.10
------------------	-----------------	--------	-------

Additional information :

Neutralisation product: Equilibrium of Ionic Pairs according to REACH Annex V, 4.

4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : ☒ Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Eye contact** : ☒ Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
- Ingestion** : ☒ Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Ingestion** : ☒ Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

4. First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** :  Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Protective measures

- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage

- Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F). Shelf life: 18 months. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

- If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Occupational exposure limits

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, baseoil - unspecified

2,2',2''-nitritotriethanol

Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [Oil mist, mineral]

OEL-M 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Mist.

Technical Guideline Concerning the Applications, etc. of Concentration Standard for Preventing Health Hazards (Japan, 6/2024)

8 hours: 1 mg/m³.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

- A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

Hand protection

- Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Nitrile gloves. thickness 0.3 mm

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

(minimum) .

- Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Tan.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- pH** : 8.8 to 9.6 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Softening point** : Not available.
- Pour point** : <0°C
- Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Open cup: Not applicable.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Relative vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : 0.955 g/cm³ [20°C]
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): 135.2 mm²/s (135.2 cSt)
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : Shelf life: 18 months.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.

10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, baseoil - unspecified	Rat - Oral - LD50 >5000 mg/kg
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >5000 mg/kg
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	Rat - Oral - LD50 >2000 mg/kg
1-aminopropan-2-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50 2098 mg/kg
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 1851 mg/kg
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >2000 mg/kg
-	Rat - Oral - LD50 6400 mg/kg
Phosphoric acid, mono- and bis (C16-20-branched and linear alkyl) esters	Rat - Oral - LD50 >5000 mg/kg
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	Rat - Oral - LD50 6176 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects:</u> Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Gastrointestinal - Gastritis Gastrointestinal - Ulceration or bleeding from small intestine
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	Rat - Oral - LD50 1350 mg/kg
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >2000 mg/kg
benzotriazole	Rat - Oral - LD50 500 mg/kg
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >2000 mg/kg
dicyclohexylamine	Rat - Oral - LD50 200 mg/kg
-	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 200 mg/kg
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	Rat - Oral - LD50 >2000 mg/kg
-	Rat - Dermal - LD50 >2000 mg/kg
potassium hydroxide	Rat - Oral - LD50 333 to 338 mg/kg
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	Rat - Oral - LD50 >5000 mg/kg
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 1800 mg/kg
-	Rat - Female - Oral - LD50 1208 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
B-Cool 755	>2000	>2000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-aminopropan-2-ol	2098	1851	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	6400	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	6176	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	1350	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzotriazole	500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
dicyclohexylamine	200	300	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
potassium hydroxide	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	500	790	N/A	N/A	0.5
octhilinone (ISO)	125	311	N/A	N/A	0.27

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

potassium hydroxide

Result

Guinea pig - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg

Human - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : pH value - Used for classification

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

potassium hydroxide

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 1 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : pH value - Used for classification

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

11. Toxicological information

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name

☒ aminopropan-2-ol

Result

Mammal - species unspecified - Unreported
Fertility effects: Equivocal

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

☒ Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

☒ pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt

Result

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (nervous system) - Category 1

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name

☒ Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, baseoil - unspecified

Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated

1-aminopropan-2-ol

2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol

benzotriazole

Result

EC50

Fish
>1000 mg/l [96 hours]

LC50

OECD 203
Fish
>100 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Goldfish - *Carassius auratus*
Size: 6.2 cm; Weight: 3.3 g
210 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*
16 mg/l [21 days]
Effect: Behavior

Acute - EC50

OECD

12. Ecological information

	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia galeata</i>
	Age: <24 hours
	15.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Intoxication
-	LC50
	Fish
	180 mg/l [96 hours]
-	EC50
	Algae
	75 mg/l [72 hours]
dicyclohexylamine	Acute - LC50
	Fish
	12 mg/l [96 hours]
-	Acute - EC50
	Daphnia
	8 mg/l [48 hours]
-	Acute - NOEC
	Daphnia
	0.016 mg/l [21 days]
-	LC50
	Algae
	0.38 mg/l [72 hours]
-	NOEC
	Algae
	0.013 mg/l [72 hours]
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	EC50
	Algae - Algae
	150 mg/l [72 hours]
-	EC50
	Daphnia - Daphnia
	6.3 mg/l [48 hours]
-	LC50
	Fish
	24 mg/l [96 hours]
-	NOEC
	Algae - Algae
	110 mg/l
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	LC50
	Fish
	1 to 10 mg/l [96 hours]
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	EC50
	Daphnia
	0.0088 mg/l [48 hours]
-	EC50
	Algae
	0.0012 mg/l [72 hours]
octhlinone (ISO)	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	US EPA
	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>
	Weight: 0.7 g
	47 ppb [96 hours]
	Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzotriazole (Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	- -	- 85%; <28 day(s)	Not readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
1-aminopropan-2-ol	-0.96	-	Low
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	-1	<3.9	Low
benzotriazole	1.44	-	Low
dicyclohexylamine	2.724	-	Low
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	3.5 to 4.2	-	Low
octhilinone (ISO)	2.45	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-

14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
-----------------------	-----	-----	-----

Special precautions for user : Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Class
Non-dangerous goods

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Not applicable.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1-Aminopropan-2-ol(2025-04)	≥50 - ≤75 ≤10	Listed Listed	581 2-100 (2025-04)
Triethanolamine	≤5.0	Listed	1335
-	≤3.0	Listed	867

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1-Aminopropan-2-ol(2025-04)	≥50 - ≤75 ≤10	Listed Listed	581 2-100 (2025-04)
Triethanolamine	≤5.0	Listed	1335
-	≤3.0	Listed	867

Chemical substances that cause skin disorders, etc. and other chemical substances that must be handled with impermeable protective equipment etc. based on special chemical regulations. (Article 594-2 Paragraph 1 of Ordinance on ISH)

Ingredient name	CAS	%	Status	Remarks
1-aminopropan-2-ol	78-96-6	≤10	Skin irritating hazardous substances	-
dicyclohexylamine	101-83-7	≤3.0	Skin absorbing hazardous substances	-
dicyclohexylamine	101-83-7	≤3.0	Skin irritating hazardous substances	-

Corrosive liquid : Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order : Not applicable.
Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Date of revision	Class	Reference number
 N,N-Dicyclohexylamine	1.98	4/1/2023	Class 1	188

16. Other information

History

Date of printing	: 6/20/2025
Date of revision	: 6/20/2025
Date of previous issue	: 4/27/2024
Version	: 1.07
Prepared by	: Product Stewardship Blaser Swissslube AG

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3	Expert judgment Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method Expert judgment

IP346:

The contained refined mineral oils are exempt of labelling. The content of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PCA) according to IP346 is < 3% (DMSO-extract).

References

: Not available.

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.